

Droduct identifi

Chlorine

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Revision date: 9/26/2016 Supersedes: 11/12/2015 Version: 2.1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Product form	: Substance
Name	: Chlorine
EC index no	: 017-001-00-7
EC no	: 231-959-5
CAS No	: 7782-50-5
REACH registration No	: 01-2119486560-35
Formula	: Cl2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Use of the substance/mixture

: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites Manufacture of textiles, leather, fur Manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products Manufacture of bulk, large scale chemicals (including petroleum products) Manufacture of fine chemicals Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products, e.g. plasters, cement Manufacture of basic metals, including alloys Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products, electrical equipment

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

MSSA S.A.S. 111, Rue de la Volta - Pomblière 73600 SAINT-MARCEL - France T +33 (0)4 79 24 70 70 - F +33 (0)4 79 24 70 50 fds-msds@metauxspeciaux.fr

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Country	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service (Birmingham Centre) City Hospital, Guy's & St Thomas' Hospital Trust	Dudley Road B18 7QH Birmingham	0844 892 0111 (UK only, Monday to Friday, 08.00 to 18.00 hours)	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Ox. Gas 1	H270
Press. Gas Liq.	H280
Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation)	H330
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2	H319
STOT SE 3	H335
Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1	H400 (M=100) H410

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Oxidizing. Fatal if inhaled. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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2.2. Label elements	
Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No.	1272/2008 [CLP]
Hazard pictograms (CLP)	
	GHS03 GHS04 GHS06 GHS09
Signal word (CLP)	: Danger
Hazard statements (CLP)	 H270 - May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated H315 - Causes skin irritation H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H330 - Fatal if inhaled H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Precautionary statements (CLP)	 P220 - Keep/Store away from clothing, combustibles P244 - Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil P260 - Do not breathe gas P273 - Avoid release to the environment P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection P370+P376 - In case of fire: stop leak if safe to do so P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water P304+P340+P315 - IF INHALED : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical advice / attention P305+P351+P338+P315 - IF IN EYES : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice / attention P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place P405 - Store locked up
EUH-statements	: EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract

2.3. Other hazards

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Chlorine (Note U)	(CAS No) 7782-50-5 (EC no) 231-959-5 (EC index no) 017-001-00-7 (REACH-no) 01-2119486560-35	100	Ox. Gas 1, H270 Press. Gas Liq., H280 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation), H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

3.2.	Mixtures

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures after inhalation	Move the affected person away from the contaminated area and into the fresh air. Remove contaminated clothing. Provide oxygen and/or ventilation assistance, if needed. Call a physician immediately. Transport to hospital immediately. Keep victim warm and rested. Delayed adverse effects possible.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Immediately remove contaminated clothing or footwear. Rinse immediately with plenty of water If necessary seek medical advice.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse immediately and thoroughly, pulling the eyelids well away from the eye (15 minutes minimum). Consult an eye specialist immediately.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Not specifically applicable.
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4.2. Most important symptoms and effects	both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation :	Exceeding the exposure limits atmospheric concentrations may lead to immediate and severe irritation of the upper respiratory tract, severe coughing, choking and bronchospasm (15-20 ppm), shortness of breath, chest pain, nausea and vomiting (30 ppm). There are indications that some exposures may cause bronchial hyperactivity in some sensitive individuals. Fainting and death may occur after exposure above 50 ppm (depending on the duration of exposure). Chemical tracheobronchitis, pulmonary edema may occur up to 48 hours after exposure (above 40 ppm).
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact :	Causes skin irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical a	ttention and special treatment needed
Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media :	All extinguishing agents can be used. If leaking do not spray water onto container. Water surrounding area (from protected position) to contain fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the subs	ance or mixture
Fire hazard :	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions :	Clear the danger area. Combat the gas with a water-spray. Contain the extinguishing fluids by bunding (the product is hazardous for the environment). Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. If leaking do not spray water onto container. Water surrounding area (from protected position) to contain fire. Keep upwind.
Protection during firefighting :	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measu	res
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equip	oment and emergency procedures
General measures :	Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapours. Avoid any direct contact with the product. Access forbidden to unauthorised personnel.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
Emergency procedures :	Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel. Consult an expert immediately. Avoid any direct contact with the product. Do not breathe vapours. Prevent wind dispersal. Keep upwind.
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment :	Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Stop leak if safe to do so. Use water curtains to cor up to prevent the escape of liquid. Notify authorities	tain the toxic clouds. Contain the spilled material by bunding. Turn leaking containers leak-side if product enters sewers or public waters.
6.3. Methods and material for containment	
Methods for cleaning up :	Combat the gas with a water-spray. Suck towards a neutralization installation. Wash with sodium carbonate solution (5% Na2 CO3).
6.4. Reference to other sections	
For further information refer to section 13.	
SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling :	Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Avoid any direct contact with the product. Smoking is forbidden. Avoid contact of substance with water. Do not breathe gas. Closed system. Vapour extraction at source. Only oil the equipment with specialist greases (chlorofluorinated).
Hygiene measures :	Do not drink, eat or smoke in the workplace. Always wash hands after handling the product.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including	any incompatibilities
Technical measures :	The floor of the depot should be impermeable and designed to form a water-tight basin. Storage areas must be equipped with a high and low ventilation and connected to a neutralization / absorption unit.
Storage conditions :	Keep container tightly closed and dry. Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Keep away from heat. Keep at temperature not exceeding 50 °C.

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Incompatible materials	: Combustible materials. reducing materials. Organic materials. Finely divided metals (AI, Mg, Zn). Hydrogen. Acetylene. Ethylene. ethane. Hydrazine. Phosphorus. Arsenic. antimony. Fats. Silicons. (Risk of violent reaction Ignition).
Storage temperature	: < 50 °C
Packaging materials	: Recommended materials : Ordinary steel. Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE). PVC. Packing material to avoid : metals. Titanium. Aluminium. Some plastics.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters		
Chlorine (7782-50-5)		
United Kingdom	Local name	Chlorine
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³
United Kingdom	WEL STEL (ppm)	0.5 ppm

Chlorine (7782-50-5)		
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)		
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	1.5 mg/m ³	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	1.5 mg/m ³	
Long-term - local effects, dermal	0.5 % in mixture	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	0.75 mg/m ³	
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	0.75 mg/m ³	
DNEL/DMEL (General population)		
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	1.5 mg/m ³	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	1.5 mg/m ³	
Long-term - systemic effects, oral	0.25 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	0.75 mg/m ³	
Long-term - local effects, dermal	0.5 % in mixture	
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	1.5 mg/m ³	
PNEC (Water)		
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	0.21 µg/l	
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0.042 μg/l	
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	0.26 µg/l	
PNEC (Oral)		
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	11.1 mg/kg dwt	
PNEC (STP)		
PNEC sewage treatment plant	0.03 mg/l	
2.2 Expedito controle		

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Extraction to remove vapours at their source. Safety shower. Eye fountain. Monitor the atmosphere at regular intervals.

Hand protection:

Neoprene protective gloves. Breakthrough time : refer to the recommendations of the supplier. The protective gloves to be used must comply with the specifications of EC directive 89/686/EEC and the resultant standard EN 374

Eye protection:

Safety glasses. Face-shield

Skin and body protection:

Protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

Gas mask with filter type B

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties		
Physical state	: Gas	
Colour	: Slightly yellow to green.	

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Odour	: Pungent.
Odour threshold	: 0.3 - 0.5 ppm
рН	: Not applicable
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: -101 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: -34 °C
Flash point	: Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: 6780 hPa (20 °C)
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 2.49
Density	: 1.411 g/cm ³
Solubility	: Benzene : 318 g/kg (20 °C). Acetic acid : 121 g/kg (15 °C). Tetrachloromethane : 114 g/kg (20 °C). °C). Water: 7.41 g/l (20 °C)
Log Pow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: 0.0134 mPa.s (20 °C)
Explosive properties	: Not explosive.
Oxidising properties	: Oxidizing.
Explosive limits	: Not applicable

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Oxidizing. Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Explosive when mixed with : Hydrogen. Ammonia. Organic materials. Attacks many metals in the presence of water or humidity. Reacts violently with unsaturated organic compounds, alcohols, ethers, fats, mineral oils (including silicones), phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, aluminum, finely divided metals. Dry chlorine reacts violently with titanium.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

reducing materials. Combustible materials. Powdered metals. Acetylene. Hydrogen. Organic materials. Ammonia. Various hydrocarbon fragments. Water. Hydrazine. Fats. Silicons. Iron (>100 °C).

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

On contact with water : Hydrochloric acid. Hypochlorous acid.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information			
11.1. Information on toxicological effects			
Acute toxicity	: Inhalation: Fatal if inhaled.		
Chlorine (7782-50-5)			
LD50 oral rat	1100 mg/kg (OECD 401) (Read accross)		
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 20000 mg/kg (OECD 402) (Read accross)		
LC50 inhalation rat	1321 mg/m ³ (60 minutes) (equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403)		
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation. pH: Not applicable		
Additional information	: (OECD 404 method) (read-across)		

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Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.
	pH: Not applicable
Additional information	: (OECD 405) (read-across)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
Additional information	: Does not cause cutaneous sensitisation for guinea-pigs (OECD 406) (read-across)
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
	Mutagenicity : Ames test : negative (OECD 471) (read-across)
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
Additional information	: No carcinogenic effects reported (read-across)
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
Additional information	: No observed effects NOAEL (oral,rat) : > 5 mg/kg/d (OECD 415 method)
STOT-single exposure	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Additional information	: Corrosive to the respiratory tract
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified (Conclusive but not sufficient for classification)
Chlorine (7782-50-5)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	20 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD 408) (Read accross)
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	20 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD 408) (Read accross)
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified (Technical impossibility to obtain the data)
Chlorine (7782-50-5)	
Viscosity, kinematic	0.00949681 mm²/s

SECTION 12: Ecological information	
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general	: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Chlorine (7782-50-5)	
LC50 fish	0.06 mg/l/96h (Salmo gairdneri) (Read accross)
EC50 Daphnia	0.141 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) (Read accross)
ErC50 (algae)	< 0.05 mg/l/48h (Arcatia) (Read accross)
ErC50 (other aquatic plants)	0.1 - 0.4 mg/l (Myriophyllum spicatum)
NOEC chronic fish	0.04 mg/l (Menidia peninsulae) (Read accross)
NOEC chronic crustacea	0.01 mg/l (E. capsaeformis) (Read accross)
Additional information	Activated sludge : EC50 > 3 mg/l (3h)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Chlorine (7782-50-5)	
Persistence and degradability	hydrolysis: In water, formation of hypochlorous acid and hypochlorites according to the environmental pH. Photodegradation in air: In the atmosphere, chlorine deteriorates during the day with half-lives ranging from a few minutes to a few hours depending on latitude, season and time of the day Photodegradation in water: Chlorine sensitivity to light is high. The half-life varies between 12 min at pH 8 and 60 min at pH 5 Photodegradation in soil: No data available.

2.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Chlorine (7782-50-5)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulation due to its water solubility and its high reactivity.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Chlorine (7782-50-5)		
Ecology - soil Very volatile. easily degradable in the soil.		

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12.5.	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
Chlor	ne (7782-50-5)	
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII		
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII		
12.6.	Other adverse effects	
A .1		

Other adverse effects

: No additional information available. In general, chlorine is known for its toxic effects on living organisms.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations 13.1. Waste treatment methods Waste treatment methods : Vacuum to a soda neutralization

: Vacuum to a soda neutralization system. Clean contaminated packagings with a solution of sodium carbonate . After cleaning, recycle or dispose of at an authorised site.

Additional information

: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of specific european, national or local regulations regarding disposal.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN	
III accordance with ADK / KID / IWDG / IATA / ADN	

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number				
1017	1017	1017	1017	1017
14.2. UN proper shippi		•		
CHLORINE	CHLORINE	Chlorine	CHLORINE	CHLORINE
14.3. Transport hazard		-		
2.3 (5.1, 8)	2.3 (5.1, 8)	2.3 (5.1, 8)	2.3 (5.1, 8)	2.3 (5.1, 8)
14.4. Packing group				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental ha		1		
Dangerous for the	Dangerous for the	Dangerous for the	Dangerous for the	Dangerous for the
environment : Yes	environment : Yes Marine pollutant : Yes	environment : Yes	environment : Yes	environment : Yes
YZZ	× ×	¥2	¥2	×2

14.6. Special precautions for user

- Overland transport	
Classification code (ADR)	: 2TOC
Limited quantities (ADR)	: 0
Excepted quantities (ADR)	: E0
Packing instructions (ADR)	: P200
Mixed packing provisions (ADR)	: MP9
Portable tank and bulk container instructions (ADR)	: (M), T50
Portable tank and bulk container special provisions (ADR)	: TP19
Tank code (ADR)	: P22DH(M)
Tank special provisions (ADR)	: TA4, TT9, TT10
Vehicle for tank carriage	: AT
Transport category (ADR)	: 1

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) wit	th its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830
Special provisions for carriage - Loading, unloading and handling (ADR)	: CV9, CV10, CV36
Special provisions for carriage - Operation (ADR)	: S14
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.)	: 265
Orange plates	265 1017
Tunnel restriction code (ADR)	: C/D
EAC code	: 2XE
APP code	: A(c)
- Transport by sea	
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 0
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	: E0
Packing instructions (IMDG)	: P200
Tank instructions (IMDG)	: T50
Tank special provisions (IMDG)	: TP19
EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-C
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-U
Stowage category (IMDG)	: D
Stowage and handling (IMDG)	: SW2
Properties and observations (IMDG)	Non-flammable, toxic and corrosive yellow gas with a pungent odour. Corrosive to glass and to most metals. Much heavier than air (2.4). Highly irritating to skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Powerful oxidant which may cause fire.
MFAG-No	: 124
- Air transport	
Transport regulations (IATA)	: Passenger aircraft : FORBIDDEN
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	: Forbidden
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	: Forbidden
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	: Forbidden
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	: Forbidden
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	: Forbidden
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	: Forbidden
Special provisions (IATA)	: A2
ERG code (IATA)	: 2CP
- Inland waterway transport	
Classification code (ADN)	: 2TOC
Limited quantities (ADN)	: 0
Excepted quantities (ADN)	: E0
Equipment required (ADN)	: PP, EP, TOX, A
Ventilation (ADN)	: VE02
Number of blue cones/lights (ADN)	: 2
- Rail transport	
Classification code (RID)	: 2TOC
Limited quantities (RID)	: 0
Excepted quantities (RID)	: E0
Packing instructions (RID)	: P200
Mixed packing provisions (RID)	: MP9
Portable tank and bulk container instructions (RID)	: T50(M)
Portable tank and bulk container special provisions (RID)	: TP19
Tank codes for RID tanks (RID)	: P22DH(M)
Special provisions for RID tanks (RID)	: TU38, TE22, TE25, TA4, TT9, TT10, TM6
Transport category (RID)	: 1

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Special provisions for carriage - Loading, unloading and handling (RID)	
Hazard identification number (RID)	: 265

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

No REACH Annex XVII restrictions

Chlorine is not on the REACH Candidate List

Chlorine is not on the REACH Annex XIV List

15.1.2. National regulations

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes:

This sheet was updated (refer to the date at the top of this page). SDS changed section(s) : 9.

Data sources

Other information

 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency. EPA (Environmental Protection Agency). NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health).
 Safety data sheet established by : LISAM SERVICES - TELEGIS 17 rue de la Couture F-60400 Passel www.lisam-telegis.fr.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 2				
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category 1				
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 1				
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2				
Ox. Gas 1	Oxidising Gases, Category 1				
Press. Gas Liq.	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas				
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2				
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation				
H270	May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer				
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated				
H315	Causes skin irritation				
H319	Causes serious eye irritation				
H330	Fatal if inhaled				
H335	May cause respiratory irritation				
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life				
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects				
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract				

SDS EU (REACH Annex II)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product

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ANNEX TO THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

Table of contents of the Annex						
Identified Uses	Es N°	Short title	Page			
End uses of chlorine as such or preparations at industrial sites	1		11			

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1. ES2: End uses of ch	lorine as such or pr	eparation	s at industrial sites			
1.1. Title section						
End uses of chlorin at industrial sites	arations	ES Type:	ES Ref.: ES2 Date of issue: 2 ES Type: Worker Version: 1.0			
Environment						
	Contributing scenar	rio controlling	environmental exposure	ERC1,	ERC4, ERC6b	
Worker						
	Worker Contributing	Worker Contributing Scenario			PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13, PROC14	
Processes, tasks, activities of	covered Indu	strial use				
1.2. Conditions of use	affecting exposure					
1.2.1. Control of environmer		na scenario (controlling environmental	exposure	e (ERC1, ERC4, ERC6b)	
ERC1	Manufacture of substance			onpooure		
ERC4			ocesses and products, not be	ecomina n	part of articles	
ERC6b	Industrial use of reactive	•		coming p		
		processing a				
Product characteristics		<u> </u>				
Physical form of product		Liquefied	gas			
Concentration of substance i	n product	100 %				
Amount used, frequency a	nd duration of use (or fro	m service lif	e)			
Regional use tonnage (tonne	es/year):	10443000				
	Continuous release					
Emission Days (days/year): 365						
Technical and organisational conditions and measures						
Practically no release to was	Practically no release to waste water and soil					
Immediately notify the appro	priate authorities in case of	gas spill. Do	not discharge the product			
All personnel are trained	into the environment					
				l		
Conditions and measures	related to sewage treatme					
Size of the STP (by default)	• · • · • • • •	2000 m³/d				
Conditions and measures Product residual disposal con regulations		iste (includir	ig article waste)			
Other conditions affecting	environmental exposure					
Local freshwater dilution fact	or:	10				
Local marine water dilution fa	actor:	100	100			
1.2.2. Control of worker exp PROC13, PROC14)	osure: Worker Contributii	ng Scenario	(PROC1, PROC2, PROC3,	PROC4, I	PROC5, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9,	
PROC1	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure					
PROC2	Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure					
PROC3	Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)					
PROC4	Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises					
PROC5	Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)					
PROC8a	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non dedicated facilities					
PROC8b	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities					
PROC9	Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)					
PROC13	Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring					
PROC14	Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation					
Product characteristics						
Physical form of product		Liquefied	gas			

Safety Data Sheet

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure Exposure duration > A hdy Use frequency 220 days/r Technical and organisational conditions and measures Technical and organisational conditions and measures (the species of conditions and discons dates of the species of conditions assume tables) dates of the species of conditions assume tables dates of conditions assume tables dates of the sense of the sense and descense of the sense through closed systems, while of gases from the reactor set tested before release to the annosphere. When tables or cylindes are used for easier of the sense of the sense and medical to 25 pmV. The measures dates of the sense adam feed of 0.5 pmV. The measures dates of the sense adam feed of 0.5 pmV. The measures dates of the sense adam feed of 0.5 pmV. The measures dates of dates and medical to 2.5 pmV. The measures dates of the sense adam feed of 0.5 pmV. The measures dates of the sense adam feed of 0.5 pmV. The measures dates of dates are to there in the interformed substances (choirine and, in most cases, other chointee dates were intered. Supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and CGs followed Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Set datas of general versition in place to check that the RMMs in place are being used correctly and CGs followed Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation Set datas of general versition Safety datas were diversition and addity of the set of the s	Concentration of substance in product 100 %						
Exposure duration > 4 hd/sy Use frequency 220 days/yr The continities and organisational conditions and measures The completely The opening of chlorine system takes place only after it has been emptied, purged, completely degased, shu-(vi) to blind finge and disconceted. In case of chlorine lasks, detection and mainter or cylinders are used for smaller productors, the transfer of chlorine system takes of cylinders are used for smaller productors, the transfer of chlorine is detective systems. while of gases from the reactor are treated before relates of the darced the cylinders are used for smaller productors, the transfer of chlorine is detective takes (before in a size of the chlorine is detective takes (before in a size of the chlorine is detective). They can generally detect 0.1 Premise are explicited with the darced period of the chlorine is detective takes (before in a size of the chlorine is detective). They can generally detect 0.1 Premise are explicited in the darced the chlorine is detective. They can generally detect 0.1 Premise are explicited in the darced the chlorine is detective. They can generally detect 0.1 Code standard of general ventilities. Code standard of general ventilities. State y glasses. Safety foot-wear. Prestore are explicited to personal protection, hygiene and bealth evaluation Safety glasses. Safety foot-wear. Prestore are explicited to everalls (rousers and long sleeves) Gas madx, whit cantificater ventations. Soll continable per							
Use frequency 220 days/r Technical and organisational conditions and measures Technical control interview takes place only dark in bas been empletely upged, completely degassed, shul-off via bind lings and disconnected. In case of othorne leaks, detection and monitoring at performed. Image: Completely days and the complex structure of		anticies), inequency an	•				
Technical and organisational conditions and measures The opening of chlorine system takes place only after A has been emptied, purged, completely degreed, sub-viol with the hild measure of control is leaks, detection and monitoring are performed. Additional of the openitor of the base of chlorine is a set of chlorine is leaks, detection and monitorine is transferred via pipalines to on-site users and chlorine is life of chlorine is done through loading stations adapted to the automotive is transferred via pipalines to on-site users are included before release to the atmosphere. When tankers or cylinders are used for smaller productions, the transfer of chlorine is done through loading stations adapted to the service of the vessel Plants are equipped with chlorine detectors in different locations. They can generally detect 0.1 providem loves a pre-atm chlorine done through loading stations adapted to the service of chlorine is done through loading stations adapted to the service of the chlorine done through loading stations adapted to the service of the chlorine addition addition of the chlorine additis chlorine additis addition of the chlorine a							
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correctly and OCs followed	measuring device used for chlorin not only to chlorine, but also to or concentration measured in the at exposure coming from the produc chlorinated chemicals) Good standard of general ventila	ne monitoring is an elec ther chlorinated substan mosphere of a Chlor-All ction of various substan tion	trochemical sensor, which is sensible nees present in the air. Chlorine kali plant takes into account the ces (chlorine and, in most cases, oth	er			
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